

# **Adding Word Duration Information to Bigram Language Models**

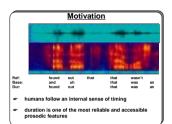
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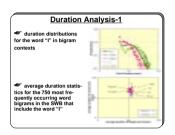


## Suprasegmental Information word duration represented as a single scalar attribute word duration bigram model (F ≡ {w,τ}):

 $Pr(F_i | F_{i-1}) = Pr(w_i, \tau_i | w_{i-1}, \tau_{i-1})$  $= Pr(\tau_i | w_i, w_{i-1}, \tau_{i-1}) Pr(w_i | w_{i-1}, \tau_{i-1})$ 

where  ${\mathcal W}$  is the word identity and  ${\mathcal T}$  is the duration

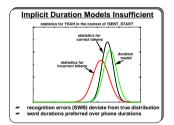
 can be implemented in a rescoring paradigm as an additional knowledge source applied to word hypotheses (leads to a feasible implementation)



## N-best Rescoring Results

- Baseline: 32.4% WER on 637 SWB utterances
- Rescoring of 100-best hypotheses (provided by BBN)
- Oracle WER: 21.2%

	[ weight 1d, weight 2d]		
scale	[0.1, 0.1]	[0.1, 0.5]	[0.5, 0.1]
0.01	32.5	32.4	32.3
0.05	32.4	32.3	32.2
0.1	32.3	32.3	32.2

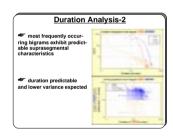


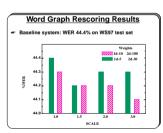
### **Bigram Duration Model**

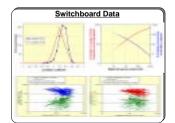
Duration augmented bigram probability:

$$\begin{split} P(w_{\hat{t}} \middle| w_{\hat{t}-1}, \tau_{\hat{t}-1}, \tau_{\hat{t}}) &= P(w_{\hat{t}-1}, \tau_{\hat{t}-1}, w_{\hat{t}}, \tau_{\hat{t}}) \ / P(w_{\hat{t}-1}, \tau_{\hat{t}-1}, \tau_{\hat{t}}) \\ &= \frac{P\left(\tau_{\hat{t}-1}, \tau_{\hat{t}} \middle| w_{\hat{t}-1}, w_{\hat{t}}\right)}{P(\tau_{\hat{t}-1}, \tau_{\hat{t}} \middle| w_{\hat{t}})} \frac{P(w_{\hat{t}-1}, w_{\hat{t}})}{P(w_{\hat{t}-1})} \end{split}$$

$$P(S_{end} \mid w_{i-1}, \tau_{i-1}) = \frac{P(\tau_{i-1} \mid S_{beg}) \cdot P(S_{beg})}{P(\tau_{i-1} \mid w_{i-1}, s_{end})} \frac{P(w_{i-1}, s_{end})}{P(w_{i-1})} \frac{P(w_{i-1}, s_{end})}{P(w_{i-1})}$$





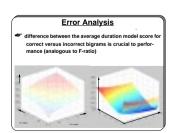




- many duration bigrams have insufficient training data
- combine bigram-specific models with word-specific and

$$\begin{array}{ll} P_{sm}(\tau_{i-1},\tau_i \mid w_{i-1},w_i) &= \\ \underline{\Omega_b P(\tau_{i-1},\tau_i \mid w_{i-1},w_i) + \Omega_w P(\tau_{i-1} \mid w_{i-1}) \ P(\tau_i \mid w_i) + \Omega_w P^2(\tau_i)} \\ \underline{\Omega_b + \Omega_w + \Omega_w} \end{array}$$

 $\Omega$  empirically chosen in initial experiments (can be estimated using deleted interpolation or other such smoothing algorithms)



#### Summary

- exploits word duration models
- BBN 100-Best Lists:

0.2% WFR absolute 0.3% WER absolute . ISIP Word Graph Rescoring:

- · Incorporate duration models into the grammar decoding loop
- Better models of infrequently occurring bigrams: error analysis indicates greater potential benefits
- Develop more sophisticated statistical models