

Determine whether a number is prime. If it is not, partially factor the number to determine its smallest divisor greater than 1.

#### **Example**

Prime or Not?

n = 24

The number 24 is not prime: its divisors are [1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24] and the smallest divisor greater than 1 is 2.

#### **Function Description**

Complete the function *isPrime* in the editor below.

isPrime has the following parameter(s):

*long n:* a long integer to test

#### Returns

int: if the number is prime, return 1; otherwise returns the smallest divisor greater than 1

#### **Constraints**

•  $2 \le n \le 10^{12}$ 

## **▼ Input Format for Custom Testing**

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

The only line of input contains the long integer to analyze, *n*.

### ▼ Sample Case 0

#### Sample Input 0

```
STDIN Function
-----
2 → n = 2
```

### **Sample Output 0**

1

### **Explanation 0**

As 2 is a prime number, the function returns 1.

# ▼ Sample Case 1

# Sample Input 1

STDIN	Function		
4 →	n = 4		

# **Sample Output 1**

2

# **Explanation 1**

Since 4 is not a prime number, and the factors of 4 are [1, 2, 4], the function returns the smallest factor of 4 greater than 1.