

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Problem	Points	Score
1	100	
Total	100	

Notes:

- (1) For this exam you are allowed to open a terminal window on your computer, you are allowed to web surf with Google, but you cannot use online chat or other interactive services.
- (2) The first step in this exam is to create a workspace in the following directory:  
`/data/courses/ece_1111/current/exams/ex_03/lastname_firstname/p01`  
Put all your code here.
- (3) Set the permissions using “`chmod -R u+rwx,g-rwx,o-rwx <lastname_firstname>`” so only you have read and write permission to this directory.

Consider this sequence of Linux commands:

```
ece-000_[1]: echo $PWD
/data/courses/ece_1111/resources/data/text
ece-000_[1]: cat data_v01.txt
Joe joe
Alex alex
Mary mary
ece-000_[1]: cat data_v01.txt | tr ' ' '\12' | sort -f | uniq -ci | sort -nrk1 | awk
'{print $2,$1}' | head -5
Mary 2
Joe 2
Alex 2
ece-000_[1]: cat data_v00.txt | tr ' ' '\12' | sort -f | uniq -ci | sort -nrk1 | awk
'{print $2,$1}' | head -5
THE 13107
OF 6182
AND 5772
TO 4269
A 4149
```

Write a C++ program that does exactly the same thing and produces the same result for the files `data_v0[0,1].txt` in `/data/courses/ece_1111/resources/data/text`. The only difference is your program need not sort the output into descending order. The output can be unsorted.

Obviously, work with `data_v01.txt` first and make sure your code produces the correct output.

To make things easy, you can assume a word is defined as any set of characters between two spaces, a space and a newline character, or any combination of the two. You don't need to worry about edge cases like hyphenation, numbers, non-alphabetic characters, etc.

Your program should take its filename from the command line:

```
p01.exe <filename>
```

You can assume only one file is input.

You must implement this using four files: Makefile, header file (`p01.h`), driver program (`p01.cc`), implementation file (`p01_00.cc`). All your class methods must be implemented in `p01_00.cc`.

Create a class called `MyHistogram` that has the following methods:

```
MyHistogram::load_words(???, char* file);
MyHistogram::count_words(???, ???);
MyHistogram::print(???, FILE* fp);
```

The method `load_words()` takes a filename as an input and returns some sort of data structure that contains a list of words that occur in the file. The nature of the data structure is up to you. But you must pass this data back to the driver program in a way that is safe (e.g., do not pass pointers to class data back to the driver program; create copies of the data). Convert the words to uppercase when you read them, so the histogram is case-insensitive.

The method `count_words()` takes your data structure as input and returns a list of unique words and the number of times they occur. Again, you are free to define whatever data structure you want to hold this data. You **DO NOT** need to sort these by frequency of occurrence, and your code does not need to be efficient. We will focus on results for small test cases.

The method `print()` takes your data consisting of the unique words and counts and prints the UNSORTED histogram to the file pointer `fp`. Your driver program should set `fp` to `stdout`.

Your program should work for any text file of any length. I will test it on data similar to `data_v00.txt`, but similar in length to `data_v01.txt`.

Make sure there are no memory leaks in your code, which means you are most likely going to need a destructor method.

Start by developing the `load_words` function. Successful completion of this function gets you a 75 on this exam. Completion of `count_words` raises your grade to 85. Completion of `print` raises your grade to 90. A well-written class with no memory leaks that is functionally correct gets you a 100 and three gold stars!