

Name: _____

Problem	Points	Score
1	50	
2	50	
Total	100	

Notes:

- (1) For this exam you are allowed to open a terminal window on your computer, you are allowed to web surf with Google, but you cannot use online chat or other interactive services.

Problem No. 1: Write a program to decode a binary file. The specification for the file is as follows:

- The first three bytes contain a version number – either “v00” or “v01”
- If the first three bytes are “v00”, the next byte is a character, followed by a short integer, followed by a 4-byte float
- If the first three bytes are “v01”, the next four bytes are a floating-point number.

Use the attached file, *exam_02_p1.dat*, as a test case to debug your code. It contains the character string “v00”, the character “a”, the short integer 27, and the floating-point number 27.2727.

Your program must follow this interface;

```
p1.exe <filename>
```

and must print the values it finds to stdout. You must use `fopen`, `fclose`, `fread` and `fprintf`. You cannot use `cin` or other such libraries (there is no need to use these).

Submit **p1.cc** as your solution to this problem. Make sure your code is well-commented and formatted, or you will not receive partial credit.

Problem 2: Create a modular structured program that consists of the following files: **Makefile, p2.h, p2.cc and p2_00.cc**. The make file will compile and link the binary `p2.exe`.

The main program should use this interface:

```
p2.exe step_size
```

Your program should generate samples of a linear function that ranges from [0,1] in steps of “step_size”. For example, if `step_size = 0.25`, your program would output the numbers 0.00, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75 and 1.0.

The main program must call three functions:

```
boolean p2_allocate(...);  
boolean p2_compute(float* values, long N);  
boolean p2_deallocate(...);
```

The function `p2_allocate()` creates space for an array of `N` samples. The function `p2_compute()` fills the array with the proper values. The function `p2_deallocate()` frees up space that was allocated in the `allocate` function. You need to decide what arguments are necessary for `p2_allocate()` and `p2_deallocate()` to make this program work.

Print the values of the array to stdout using a nicely formatted `fprintf` statement. Submit the above files (well commented and formatted of course) as an email attachment using the exact names above.

Summary: You will submit the files p1.cc, Makefile, p2.h, p2.cc and p2_00.cc as attachments to your email as your solution to this exam.