**ECE 1111: Engineering Computation I**

**Homework No. 13: Python Application Programming**

**Deposit your work in:**

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**Goal:** Introduce you to system level programming in Python.

**Description:** Download this music:

https://www.isip.piconepress.com/courses/temple/ece\_1111/resources/data/music/songs.tar.gz

Note the username and password are both “temple”. You can alternately user your own music. This tar file contains 30 mp3 files. Your overall task is to write a program that randomly shuffles the songs and “plays” them. The requirements of this shuffle program are:

1. Your code should find all files with a .mp3 extension in a directory tree and build them into a list. Keep track of how many times a song has been played using this list. Test your code using a subset of these files to make sure it works before you attempt the entire list.
2. You must guarantee that all 30 songs will be played once before you start playing a song a second time. Similarly, all songs must be played twice before you continue to the third pass.
3. Your program automatically progresses from one song to the next (use a loop). It must play forever.
4. Before a song is played, you must log it as played, so if you kill the script during playing of this song, it will restart from the next song that must be played (not a song that has been previously played).
5. The program must keep track of its status so that you can restart the program. If I kill your script in the middle of playing a song, it should resume from where it left off. You don’t have to start the song that was currently playing, but you must randomly select the next most available song.
6. When all songs have been played once and you start the next pass, the order must be randomized (you can’t use the same order for every pass).
7. It must be coded in Python (v3).
8. It must run from a terminal window as a Linux command (e.g., my\_player.sh). A GUI is not required.
9. You must demonstrate you can launch the command in the background and then kill the job with a kill command (as demonstrated in class). Describe what happens when you kill the shellscript – be very specific in how you explain what is happening.

Finally, try to minimize memory (don’t load all 100 songs into memory) and run-time (you want this running in the background with a low priority).

The program should be called myplay.py (e.g., “*myplay.sh $HOME/songs*”) and take a directory path as its argument. The first thing it should do is search that directory and its subdirectories for files that end in “.mp3” and build a list of these files. These are the files you need to play.

The output that I want to see is this (taken from my personal version of this script):

**58 (52, 1): playing file tosca\_-\_rolf\_royce\_feat\_stephen\_graf\_hadik\_wildner.mp3**

**59 (157, 1): playing file zero\_7\_-\_i\_have\_seen.mp3**

**60 (51, 1): playing file air\_-\_la\_femme\_d\_argent.mp3**

**61 (16, 1): playing file ms\_mr\_-\_hurricane.mp3**

**62 (60, 1): playing file variety\_labs\_-\_london\_in\_the\_rain.mp3**

**63 (49, 1): playing file koop\_-\_waltz\_for\_koop.mp3**

**64 (77, 1): playing file emancipator\_-\_when\_i\_go.mp3**

**65 (130, 1): playing file saint\_germaine\_-\_land\_of.mp3**

The first number is the index of the song being played. The second number is the position of the file in the original list of files (this is list is randomly shuffled after all the songs have been played once). The third number is the number of times the song has been played. All songs will be played once before it plays a song for the second time.

Note that when I kill the script, and run it again, it will not play any of the songs that have been previously played once. When it plays songs, it never plays the same song twice until all songs have been played the same number of times.

Since you will be coding this on a server, instead of actually playing the songs, you can use a dummy command like “sleep” and sleep for three seconds. That will allow you to simulate playing the song. If you have a Mac or Linux desktop, you might try implementing this locally using your favorite set of songs.