Conversational AI In Production

Challenges and Advances Aravind Ganapathiraju Uniphore

What is Conversational AI?

- Deals with Human Conversation
- Set of Technologies
- Speech, Voice
- Natural Language Processing
- Languages
- Intent
- Machine Learning



Replicant.ai raises \$27M to RPRISE AI AND NS modernize customer service with Call center AI firm ASAPP raises \$120 mln, valued at \$1.6 bln **Observe.AI Raises \$54 Million Series B Round: Leverages AI to Transform the Contact Center**

RIES D FUNDIN

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Conversational AI – Typical Usecases



30000 ft View of Conversational Al



NLP – Uses and Progress

- Sentiment Analysis
- Natural Language Understanding
- Entity Extraction
- Summarization
- Dependency Parsing
- Dialog State Tracking
- Information Retrieval/Question Answering
- Context and Personalization

- Deep Learning game changer
- Transformers Supercharged applications
- Transfer learning makes new applications feasible
- Multilingual opensource models allow growth in new languages
- Evolving opensource community for new languages

Sentiment Analysis

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- Most hyped, limited use?
- Most data available is based on online customer reviews
- Does not translate to conversations – sentiment over long call can vary over time
- Neural approaches only slightly better than rule/keyword based approaches
- Sarcasm, negation, coreferencesall trip the most complex systems

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- Transformers and HuggingFace have changed the landscape
- Neural approaches allow for jointly optimized models
- Hybrid approaches best suited when intent data is limited
- Active learning pipelines play a vital role in continuous model improvements
- Lack of annotated data, especially, non-English
- Limited focus on conversation structure and sectioning

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- Spacy and seq2seq models
- Importance of Inverse text Normalization (ITN)
- Language data scarcity
- Robustness to ASR errors
- Entity resolution issues
 - Relative times and dates
 - World knowledge
- Speech dysfluencies
 - Restarts, stutters, repeats
- Multiturn entities

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- Extractive summarization most common
- Abstractive summarization showing promise
- Template based summaries most accurate and functional
- Excessive reliance on entity resolution and annotations
- Limited use of audio features for summaries

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- External context rarely infused into NLP pipeline
 - Prior history
 - Information from other modalities
- Usecase: If an email was sent about top-up loans, can we prime the ASR for inbound call for loans?
- How do you scale user-specific models?
- Featurization of diverse contexts
 - Short and long term contexts
 - Local context for entities

ASR – SOTA and Advances

- Kaldi and other opensource tools
 - Tons of deployments
 - Well defined recipes
 - Known compute needs
- Next generation E2E Neural Systems
 - ESPNet
 - Nvidia Jasper
 - Mozilla Deepspeech
 - Facebook wav2vec

- Data availability
 - Mozilla Commonvoice
 - Librispeech
 - Highquality CC from Online Video Platforms
 - Indic Language Data
 - Gigaword Corpus
- Sponsored ASR Challenges
 - Igniting low resource language research
 - Data availability
 - Encouraging multilingual systems

ASR – So What's the Problem? Context Audio Unaware Accents Quality Domain Knowledge Lack of Evolving Unsupervised Metrics Access to Data Learning Still for Model Tuning Ineffective

ASR – Application Needs

- Compute needs
 - GPUs still expensive
- Latency plays spoilsport for real-time guidance
- Concurrency always a challenge RTF and memory usage
- Day zero performance still subpar WER often close to 40% for non-English
- Information sharing between downstream NLP and ASR
 - Context in VAs improves entity recognition
 - Speech Priming helps

All Set? ... Not quite!

- Core technology has advanced
- Compute is available
- Then what's the challenge?
- Primary obstacle is



Data - Reality On the Ground

- Opensource data is not sufficient for enterprise use-cases
- Expensive and time-consuming
- Corpora for languages beyond top-10 are scarce
- Customer data comes with restrictions



More Challenges

- Enterprises ignore effect of data quality and quantity
 - Still use mono instead of stereo
 - Continue to compress data to as low as 12kbps
 - As little as 20hrs of speech for domain knowledge
- Components still optimized individually
 - Need to look at task driven optimization such as ASR tuned for entity extraction
- Dialects, code switching, multilingualism

Accumulation of Errors

- Language ID wrong disaster with transcriptions
- Speaker Diarization wrong disaster with NLP relying on turn identification
- VAD issues horrible user experience with HCI
- ASR issues poor transcripts, poor insights
- NLP issues poor user experience with HCI and unreliable call analytics

THEY ALL ADD UP

Tooling for post deployment -Often ignored



Is Federated Learning a Possibility?

- If we can't get data from customers, lets take training to the customer
- Lots of Interest
- Proven to work with voice assistants
- Challenges with disparate model architectures

and

Federated Acoustic Model Optimization for Automatic Speech Recognition updates

Conghui Tan^{1(⊠)}, Di Jiang¹, Hua: **Training Speech Recognition Models with Federated Learning: A Quality/Cost Framework** Weiwei Zhao¹, Chaotao Chen¹_{Publisher: IEEE} Cite This

Dhruv Guliani ; Françoise Beaufays ; Giovanni Motta All Authors

Federated Learning in ASR: Not as Easy as You Think

Wentao Yu, Jan Freiwald, Sören Tewes, Fabien Huennemeyer, Dorothea Kolossa

End-to-End Speech Recognition from Federated Acoustic Models

Yan Gao, Titouan Parcollet, Salah Zaiem, Javier Fernandez-Marques, Pedro P. B. de Gusmao, Daniel J. Beutel, Nicholas D. Lane

The Future Is Bright

- Machine learning advancements will continue to break new barriers
 - Leaner transformers
 - Multilingual approaches
 - Finetuning of models with minimal data
- Opensource is more vibrant now, than ever before
- Governmental sponsorship for addressing data scarcity is on the rise
- Cloud adoption by enterprises will allow for CI/CD in AI models
- Inexpensive compute will enable adoption of complex models in production

Thanks!

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